

Minor Prophets: Amos

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I. Introduction.

- A. Amos was a herdsman and a fruit picker.
- B. He was called to be a priest.

II. Judgments of God upon Israel.

- A. The kingdom was split at the time.
- B. This was written before the Northern Kingdom was destroyed.
- C. The earthquake is mentioned as part of the judgment.

III. Judgments of the surrounding nations.

- A. The judgment of Damascus.
- B. God waited until the fourth sin to judge the surrounding nations.
- C. The Pharisees used this as a basis for forgiveness in the New Testament even though Jesus demanded more.
- D. The judgment of Gilead. (II Kings 8:12, 10:32-36, 13:7)
- E. The judgment of Geza.
- F. The judgment of Phoenicia.
- G. The judgment of Edom.
- H. All the nations were related to the Jews.
- I. The judgment of Amon.
- J. The judgment of Moab.

IV. Judgments of God upon Judah. Their lies and idolatry brought God's wrath.

V. Judgments upon Israel.

VI. Conclusion.

- A. Every single judgment happened.
- B. Judgment was full and complete.

C. The basis of judgment is God and His righteousness.

D. God even judges His own people.

E. God was patient and longsuffering with the people demonstrating His grace.

Application questions:

1. How has God showed His grace to you recently?

2. Why is it significant that the nations that were judged were distantly related to the Jews?

3. Why is it wrong when people compare themselves to others to demonstrate that they are good?
