Teaching on Divorce, Part 3 John MacArthur

I. Introduction.

- A. Text: Matthew 19:7-12.
- II. The attack.
- III. Jesus' response: it is not lawful to divorce. (Genesis 2, Malachi)
 - A. God created one man for one woman.
 - B. God created a strong bond.
 - C. God made man and woman one flesh.
 - D. Marriage is a work of God.
- IV. What makes a marriage.
 - A. Sex does not make a marriage otherwise there would be no such thing as fornication.
 - B. Sex acts were not seen as marriage. (Exodus 22)
 - C. Fornication does not dissolve a marriage. (Malachi 2)
 - D. A covenant makes a marriage.
- V. The argument.
 - A. The Pharisees were only interested in finding loopholes in the law.
 - B. Jews took Deuteronomy 24 as a command to divorce. The passage regulates remarriage. (Deuteronomy 22:19-29, Leviticus 7:14)
 - C. Divorce is mentioned because an indecency was found. The remarried in this instance became defiled because she was divorced for faulty reasons and became an adulteress by default.
 - 1. A reunion could not be established because of remarriage.
 - 2. This was a way of protecting marriage.
- VI. The affirmation.
 - A. Divorce for any reason less than adultery leads to adultery.
 - B. Because is God is gracious, he allowed divorce to this on account of sin to make life more bearable to the one sinned against.

- C. Some priests entered into pagan marriage, and God called them to divorce because of spiritual adultery and because their wives were engaged in prostitution. (Ezra 10:3)
- D. God divorces Israel because she committed spiritual adultery after seven hundred years. (Isaiah 50:1, Jeremiah 3:8)
- E. The only grounds for divorce is prolonged adultery for God. He will remarry Israel again. (Jeremiah 31:31-32)
- F. Joseph was prepared to separate from Mary for righteous reasons (supposed adultery). (Matthew 1:19)
- G. Divorce was only allowed because of a hard heart.
- H. Divorce not on the grounds of adultery proliferates more adultery. (1 Corinthians 10:8; 7:10)
- I. Remarriage is permitted after the death of a spouse. (Romans 7:3; 1 Timothy 5:14; 1 Corinthians 7:8; 7:27)

Application Questions:

1. On what grounds can a person get a divorce?
2. When is remarriage permissible?
3. How would you evaluate the speaker's argument? Are there any other cases that need to be considered? Explain.