# Be Not Drunk with Wine, Part 2 <br> John MacArthur 

I. Introduction.
A. Text: Ephesians 5:18.
B. The Word of God teaches that we are not to be drunk with wine.
C. We have a drinking problem as a culture today.
II. In contrast to pagans, Christian communion demanded the full use of faculties. (I Corinthians 10)
A. Drunkenness is incompatible with the new life of the believer. (Romans 13:13, Galatians 5:21, I Corinthians 6:10, I Peter 4:3, I Thessalonians 5:6)
B. Drunkenness can be defined as the point where the alcohol takes control of faculties.
C. Drunkenness is often associated with adultery. (Proverbs 20:1, 23:19, Isaiah 5:11, 28:27, 56:11-12, Hosea 4:11, Genesis 9)
III. There were many good uses for wine in the Bible however. The Bible does not forbid drinking wine. (Leviticus 29, I Chronicles 29:19, Judges 9:13, Psalm 104:15, Isaiah 24:9, 55:1-2, John 13, I Timothy 5:23, Proverbs 23)
IV. Checkpoints.
A. The wine of Bible time was mixed wine unlike the wine of today. (Acts 2:13, Isaiah 4:11, Matthew 9)

1. One cannot defend wine today on the basis that wine was used in biblical times.
2. Only barbarians drank wine unmixed in biblical times.
3. To get drunk in biblical times a person would have to drink all day. The alcoholic content of wine in biblical times was minimal.
B. Wine was somewhat necessary to drink in biblical times.
4. One cannot say that he drinks because he has to today.
5. Drinking is a preference in our culture.
C. The greatest man who ever lived did not drink a drop. (Luke 1:15)

## Application questions:

1. What is drunkenness?
2. Is the believer permitted to drink today?
3. Is it beneficial for the believer to drink? Defend your answer.
