How to Treat False Teachers, Part 2 John MacArthur

I. Introduction.

- A. Text: I Timothy 1:3-11.
- B. The key to these epistles is true doctrine and godly living. (Titus 1)
- C. The second aspect of church leadership is an ability to communicate the truth. (Matthew 7:13-14)
- D. False prophets are dangerous because they ascribe themselves as those sharing good. (I John 4:1, Jeremiah 5:30-31, 14:13, II Peter 2)
- E. Paul wrote Timothy to convince him of the necessity to understand false teachers.

II. Error.

- A. A false teacher is primarily one who teaches a false gospel.
- B. The goal of ministry is a pure heart. (Psalm 51:10; 24)

III. Goal.

- A. They want the prestige of being seen as teachers. (Matthew 23, James 3:1, I Timothy 6:3-4)
- B. They were parading their ignorance.
- IV. Motive. Their pride caused people to create a reproach to the law.

V. Effect.

- A. They misused the law.
- B. The lawless are disobedient, ungodly, sinners, unholy, and profane.
- C. The law reveals sin. (Romans 7)
- D. To define the law correctly one must define the gospel. Man is a sinner according to the law. (I Timothy 6:15)
- VI. One must listen to a person's teaching to discern whether he is a false teacher and be aware of their objectives.

Application questions:
1. How might one discern the objective of a false teacher?
2. Is a false teacher one who gets all doctrine wrong or only certain kinds? Explain.
3. What false teaching was being promulgated in the letter to Timothy? How might we see something similar today?