Claiming the Promises Skip Gray

I. Introduction.

- A. The central event of human history is the person of Jesus Christ. (John 1:1)
- B. The central experience in human history is knowing Him personally.
 - 1. We come to know the incarnate Word through the written Word of God.
 - 2. Jesus' words are spirit and life. (John 6:63)
 - 3. The experience is a moment and linear. (I Peter 1:23, II Peter 1:3-4)
 - 4. The knowledge gained therein is experiential. (I Peter 2:2-3)
- II. Because of the promises...
 - A. We grow. (Acts 20)
 - B. We get victory.
 - 1. Over sin. (Psalm 119:11)
 - 2. Over Satan. (I John 2:14, Matthew 4)
 - C. We are cleansed.
 - D. We have peace and assurance.
 - E. We receive light.
 - F. We receive joy.
 - G. We have hope.
- II. Conditions for the promises.
 - A. Faith is prayer and obedience. (Hebrews 11:33)
 - B. Faith is the principle for obtaining the promises. (Luke 18:35)
 - C. Prayer.

- 1. God wants us to be specific about our needs.
- 2. Israel prevailed when Moses prayed. (Exodus 17, II Chronicles 6:17)
- D. Obedience. (II Corinthians 6)
 - 1. We must cleanse ourselves of the filthy flesh
 - 2. We must cleanse ourselves from the filthy spirit, which is pride, jealousy, anger, resentment, etc.

Application questions:

1. How do the promises relate to a relationship with Jesus?	
2. Why are the promises important for the spiritual life?	
3. What must we do to obtain the promises? Explain.	