Sound Words for Slaves Ray Stedman

I. Introduction.

- A. Text: I Timothy 6:1-5.
- B. Half of the population was slaves during the time of Paul's writing.

II. The New Testament neither renounces nor approves of slavery.

- A. Christianity is the major reason that slavery has disappeared worldwide.
- B. Christianity has proven to be the major factor that sets men free.
- III. The great belief was that God was in charge of life.
 - A. God is committed to human freedom.
 - B. He declares Himself on the side of the oppressed and those in captivity.
 - C. However, God has His timing for things.
- IV. The response of slaves.
 - A. Masters and employers are to be regarded as worthy of respect.
 - 1. This is true regardless of treatment.
 - 2. They are made in the image of God.
 - 3. Satan sees men differently—when we see men as Satan does, we look at men as being worthless and despicable.
 - B. Slaves of believing masters are to serve their masters even more as Christian brothers.
 - C. Jesus commands this radical way of life.
 - 1. When we are not obedient to Jesus' words, we create havoc.
 - 2. To take another view is to follow the philosophy of Satan.
 - 3. Godliness is the path to wholeness.
 - 4. Those with Jesus gather—those against Him scatter. There is escalation and perpetuation of the conflict.
 - 5. Motives that cause the conflict: conceit, a love of controversy and personal gain.

6. Jesus did not give back the evil He received—He left it up to the Father to straighten out. (II Peter 3)

Application questions:

1. What stance does the Bible take toward slavery? Explain.

2. How would you respond to someone who says that Christian businesses should give him or her discounts as a fellow believer?

3. How have you seen pride escalate conflict? What could you or others have done better in that circumstance?